

Fig. 1

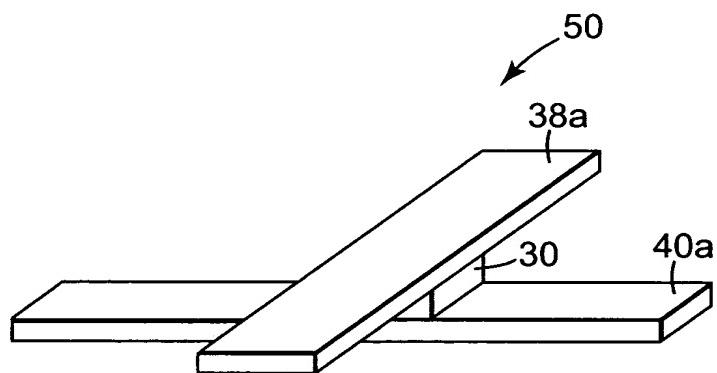


Fig. 2

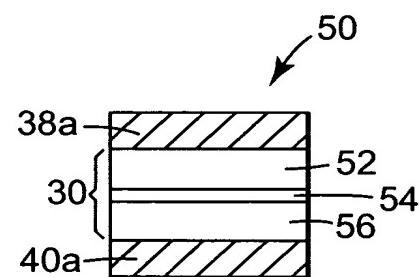


Fig. 3

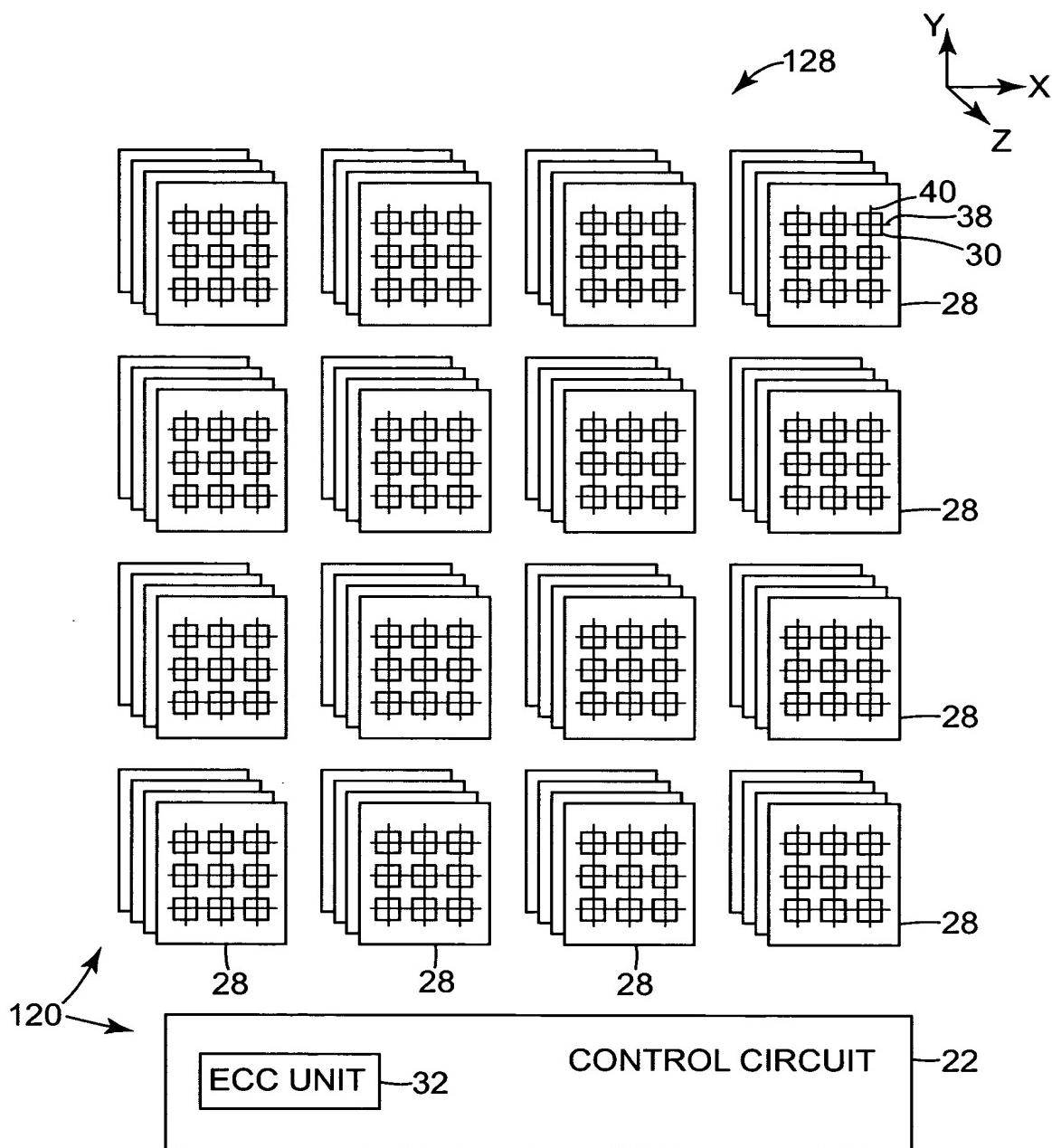


Fig. 4

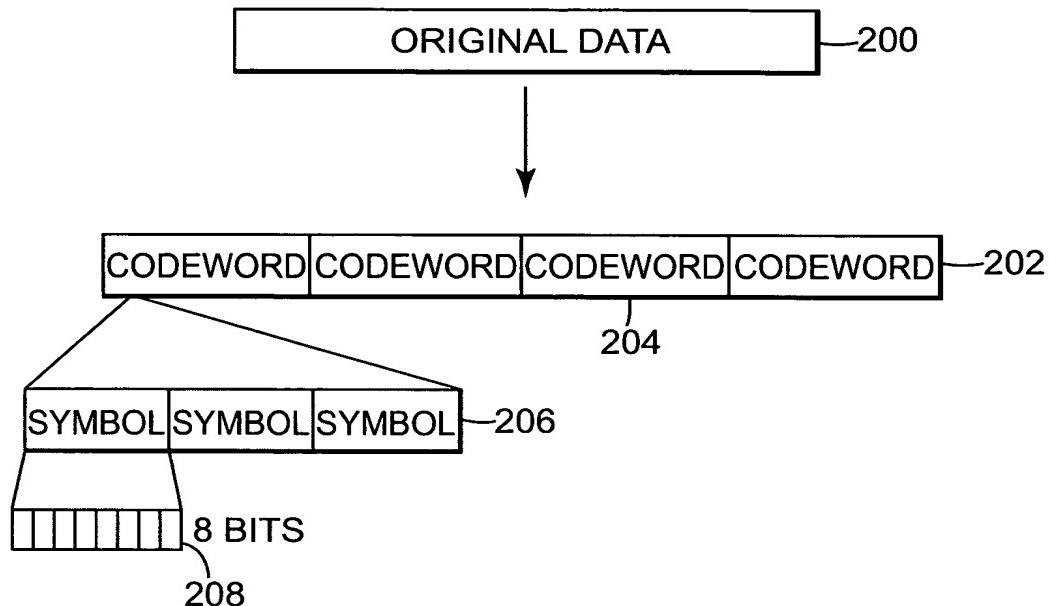
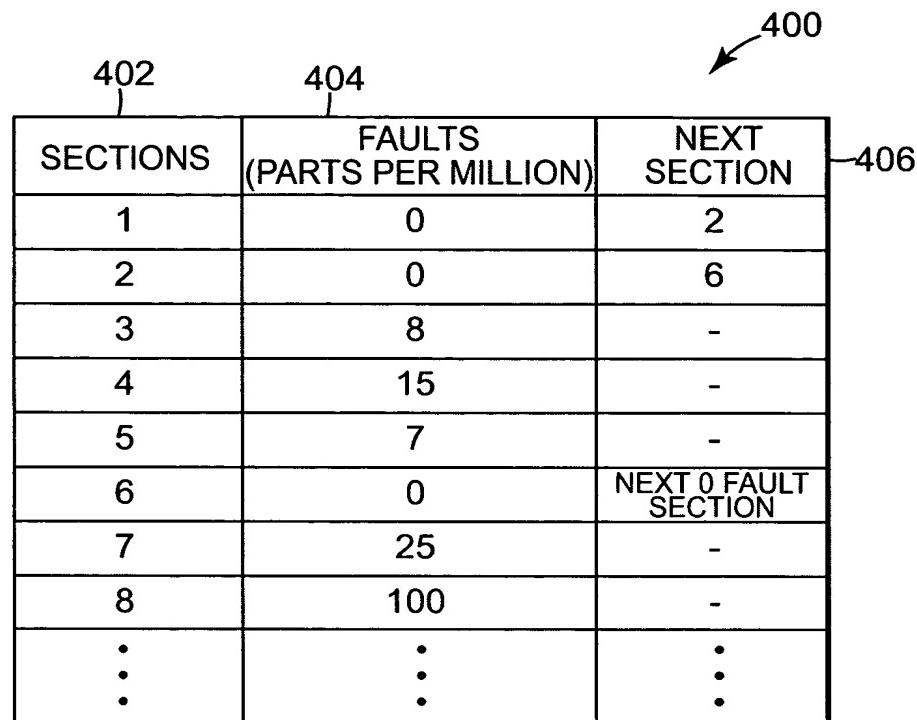


Fig. 5

SECTIONS	FAULTS (PARTS PER MILLION)	ECC
1	0	NO ECC
2	0	NO ECC
3	8	RS 132
4	15	RS 160
5	7	RS 132
6	0	NO ECC
7	25	RS 160
8	100	NOT USABLE
:	:	:
:	:	:

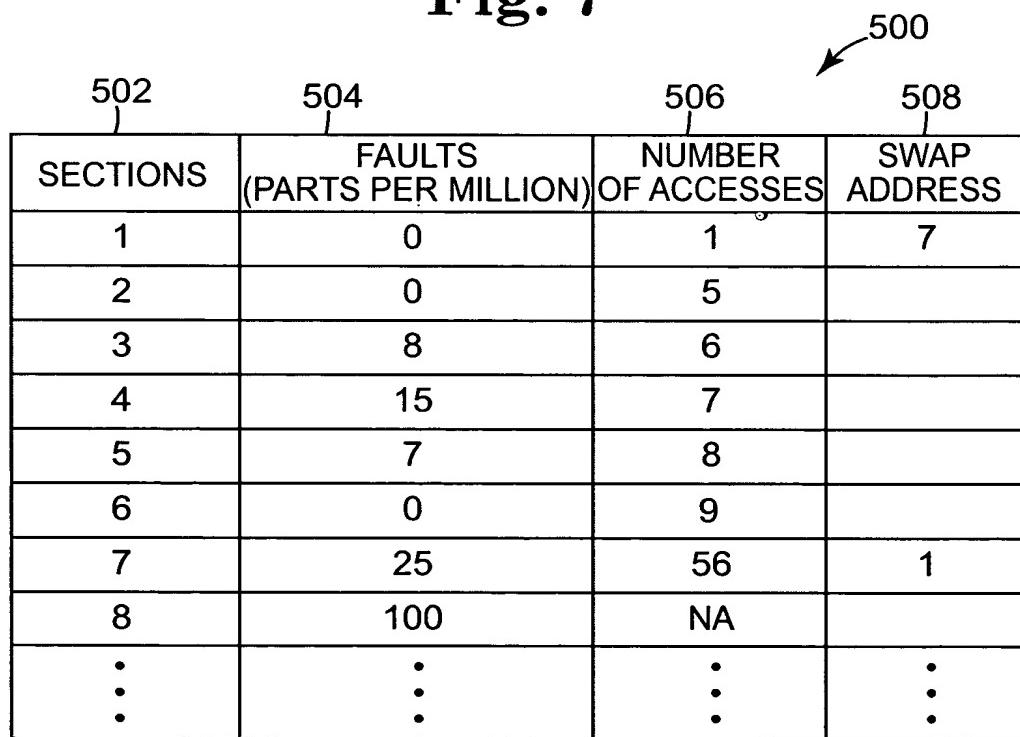
Fig. 6



A table showing fault counts per section. The table has three columns: SECTIONS, FAULTS (PARTS PER MILLION), and NEXT SECTION. A bracket labeled 402 spans the first two columns, and another bracket labeled 404 spans the first two columns. An arrow labeled 400 points to the 'NEXT SECTION' column. A bracket labeled 406 spans the 'NEXT SECTION' column.

SECTIONS	FAULTS (PARTS PER MILLION)	NEXT SECTION
1	0	2
2	0	6
3	8	-
4	15	-
5	7	-
6	0	NEXT 0 FAULT SECTION
7	25	-
8	100	-
:	:	:
:	:	:

Fig. 7



A table showing fault counts, access numbers, and swap addresses per section. The table has four columns: SECTIONS, FAULTS (PARTS PER MILLION), NUMBER OF ACCESSES, and SWAP ADDRESS. Brackets labeled 502, 504, 506, and 508 span the first, second, third, and fourth columns respectively. An arrow labeled 500 points to the 'SWAP ADDRESS' column.

SECTIONS	FAULTS (PARTS PER MILLION)	NUMBER OF ACCESSES	SWAP ADDRESS
1	0	1	7
2	0	5	
3	8	6	
4	15	7	
5	7	8	
6	0	9	
7	25	56	1
8	100	NA	
:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:

Fig. 8